AUTISTIC DISORDER EVALUATION SCALE (ADES)

Tamara J. Arthaud, Ph.D. & Kerri Duncan, Ed.S. Copyright © 2008

The Autistic Disorder Evaluation Scale provides a measure of the characteristics of Autistic Disorder as defined in the Diagnostic and Statistical Manual of Mental Disorders, Fourth Edition, Text Revision (DSM-IV-TR®) (American Psychiatric Association, 2000) for children and youth 3 through 18 years old. Parents/guardians use the Home Version to document observations of their child's/youth's characteristics. In the school environment, educators and school personnel use the School Version to document their observations. Utilizing both versions provides information about the social, emotional, academic, and communication strengths and concerns across different environments. Both scales contribute valuable information to the identification process of children and youth with Autistic Disorder.

The ADES

- measures behavior by primary observers in the school or residential environment,
- compares an individual student to a national standard for screening purposes,
- identifies characteristics of Autistic Disorder as defined in the DSM-IV-TR® (American Psychiatric Association, 2000),
- pinpoints areas of need for behavioral intervention/improvement, and
- identifies goals, objectives, and interventions for the student's IEP and program implementation with the use of the companion intervention manual, *Autistic Disorder Intervention Manual* (Antes & House, 2008).

The **ADES School Version** was standardized on a total of 3,413 students including identified students. The **ADES Home Version** was standardized on a total of 1,992 students. Demographic characteristics of the standardization population approximated the national percentages for gender, residence, race, geographic area, and occupation of parents.

Internal consistency of the **ADES School** and **Home Versions** fell at or above .86 for each subscale. Test-retest reliability for both versions yielded correlation coefficients ranging from .60 to .92, indicating substantial reliability for each of the 9 subscales. Coefficients for inter-rater reliability for the subscales ranged from .62 to .98 for all age levels. Content validity was established through the initial development process. The school and home versions were compared to the *Childhood Autism Rating Scale (CARS)* and the *Gilliam Autism Rating Scale - Second Edition* (GARS-2) as a measure of concurrent validity. The construct validity of the scale supports strong diagnostic validity. Item performance correlated positively with total score performance, further substantiating the internal cohesiveness of the scale as a measure of autistic disorder.

The **ADES** uses frequency-referenced quantifiers. Each item on the **ADES** is rated on a seven point scale from (1) NOT PERSONALLY OBSERVED OR IS DEVELOPMENTALLY INAPPROPRIATE FOR AGE to (7) CONTINU-OUSLY THROUGHOUT THE DAY. Following administration, five types of scores may be obtained: frequency rating for each item (reflecting the degree of success in performing a behavior), subscale raw score (the sum of the frequency ratings for each subscale), subscale standard score (a consistent basis for comparing performance), total score quotient, and a total score percentile. Using the subscale standard scores, a profile of the student's level of functioning across the 9 subscales may be constructed.

The **ADES** takes approximately 20 minutes to complete and can be completed by anyone familiar with the student: the classroom teacher, clinical personnel, other school personnel, or the parent/guardian. The **ADES** complete kit consists of school and home version rating forms and technical manuals, and the *Autistic Disorder Intervention Manual*. The intervention manual includes goals, objectives, and intervention strategies for the behaviors on the scale and was designed for the convenient development of the student's IEP.



H A W T H O R N E

Phone: (800) 542-1673 FAX: (800) 442-9509 Web site: www.hawthorne-ed.com

Intervention Strategies Documentation Form

Date:			
Student name:	I	Sirthdate:	Age:
School: Paren	ts:		
Team members:			
I. Student History			
A. Are the parents aware of your concern?			
B. Has the student repeated a grade? If so, when?			
C. Date and results of any previous individual testing?			
D. Date and results of last hearing screening:			
E. Date and results of last vision screening:			
II. Concerns and Interventions	- 20.		
Learning or Behavior Concern:	ategies		
Learning or Behavior Concern: Interventions Implemented: Interventions Implemented: Interventions Implemented: Intervention Structure Intervention Structure Intervention Structure Intervention Structure Intervention Interv	Intervel tion Date	S/U	Decision
Learning or Behavior Concern:	_	, ,	
Interventions Implemented:	Intervention Date	S/U	Decision

SCHOOL VERSION RATING FORM

Tamara J. Arthaud Kerri Duncan

COVER SHEET

RATING GUIDELINES

- The student should be rated by professional personnel with primary observational opportunities who work directly with the student during instructional or clinical situations.
- If the rater does not have first-hand knowledge and is unsure how to rate an item, it is appropriate for the rater to consult with other personnel to get information about the student's behavior in order to complete a rating of the student's typical behavior patterns.
- The rater should rely on his/her observation of the student's behavior as it occurs naturally in the educational or clinical environment.
- It is not necessary to complete the rating of a student in one day. Several days may elapse before the rater is able to complete the scale.
- It is recommended that the rater read each quantifier with the item before rating the item. Using item 12 as an example, the rater would first read "Have not personally observed or is developmentally inappropriate for age to be unable to take turns," then "Less than once a month is unable to take turns," then "Approximately once a month is unable to take turns," then "Approximately once a week is unable to take turns," then "More than once a week is unable to take turns," then "Daily at various times is unable to take turns," and finally, "Continuously throughout the day is unable to take turns.
- If the rater has not personally observed the student demonstrate the behavior OR if the behavior/skill is developmentally inappropriate for the student's age group (e.g., a five-year-old maintaining a topic of conversation), the rating should be

1

NOT PERSONALLY OBSERVED OR IS DEVELOPMENTALLY INAPPROPRIATE FOR AGE.

 If the rater has observed the student for more than one month and has observed the student demonstrate the behavior one time, the rating should be

2

LESS THAN ONCE A MONTH.

 If the behavior has been demonstrated several times over more than one month with a frequency average of once a month, the rating should be

3

APPROXIMATELY ONCE A MONTH.

 If the behavior has been demonstrated more than once a month, even several times per month, up to an average of one time a week which means no more than four times per month; the rating should be

4

APPROXIMATELY ONCE A WEEK.

 If the behavior has been demonstrated more than one time per week, even several times per week, up to one time per day; the rating should be

5

MORE THAN ONCE A WEEK.

 If the behavior has been demonstrated more than one time a day, up to one time per hour; the rating should be

6

DAILY AT VARIOUS TIMES.

 If the behavior has been demonstrated more than once an hour and included behavior with unlimited frequency which may even defy accurate counting at extremely high rates, the rating should be

7

CONTINUOUSLY THROUGHOUT THE DAY.

IMPORTANT *** PLEASE NOTE: *** IMPORTANT

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H A W T H O R N E

Page 1

TO RATER: Rate every item using the quantifiers (1-7) provided. Every item must be rated. Do not leave any boxes blank.

OB DEV	SERV ELOP APPR	SONALLY ED OR IS MENTALLY OPRIATE AGE	LESS THAN ONCE A MONTH	APPROXIMATELY ONCE A MONTH	APPROXIMA ONCE A WEEK	١		MORE THAN ONCE A WEEK	DAILY AT VARIOUS TIMES	CONTINUOUSLY THROUGHOUT THE DAY
		1	2	3	4			5	6	7
					_	6	22	La completa de compl		
6	1	•	ocal Social Intera	o others' eyes or ca	nnot	7		Is unable to und Does not realize		-
	١.			oriate amount of tin		6		Does not comm	unicate for the pu	urpose of sharing
2	2.	Overly of eyes	osessive about loo	king into others' fa	ces/	6	25	•	e.g., joint attentio	n) esponses to guide
3	3.	Stares "t	hrough" other peo	ple				behavior (i.e., so	ocial referencing)	
2	4.			social initiations (i.		3		Does not initiate		
2	5.	Does not	•	r name spoken by	,	3	21.	to play	s playing, but doe	es not join others
5	6	others	nasida othars with	n the same or simila	ar ob-	1	28.	playing house, p		hen playing (e.g., someone he/she is
٦	٥.		rarely plays or in	teracts with others		3	29	not, etc.)	swning role reve	ersals in play (e.g.,
6	7.		• /	esented to him/her	by	٦		always is the 'c	haser" rather tha e "mons er," etc.)	n being chased.
2	8.	•	show change in e	motion through fac	ial	3	3(Dues not in utage gesturing, v avid	e p hers' actions ((e.g., clapping,
ت		expression		appropriate facial e		17	31.	Spii s to	.9, 0.0.,	
2	9.	Is overly	animated in facial	expressions	Ter		37.	Lines toys up in	a systematic ord	ler
2	10.	Exhibits reason	odd facial express	ions to the apparei	nt					th toys/materials
6	11.	Prefers in	nanimate objects	over interaction vita	13	2	34.		ersistent preocci (e.g., wheels on a , string of a toy, e	a car, hose of a
4	12.	Is unable turn to de	to the turns (e.g. o an activity or the	(nable to wait for k, etc.)	а	2	35.		n by other childre	red to those typi- en (e.g., strings,
3	13.	Does not	socially interact/r	eciprocate with oth	ers	1	36.	Develops attach	ment to nonesse	ntial objects (e.g.,
5	14.	Requires occur in	excessive reassue environment or ty	rance when chang pical situations	es	$\overline{}$		her at all times	.) and carries tha	t object with him/
3	15.	Prefers to	o play alone			1	37.	Closes eyes who speaking is not	en spoken to, as there	if the person
5		conversa				7	38.	Does not respon		e, is not motivated
5	17.	Remains conversa	fixated on person tion with others	al topics of interest	: in	4	39.	Becomes physic doesn't get his/l	cally aggressive v	when he/she
2	18.		e to interpret nonv .e., emotional stat	verbal facial cues on the color of others)	of	1	40.	Tends to be a pe "just so" or in a	erfectionist (i.e., v certain place at a	
5	19.	Reacts in ping, app	nappropriately (e.g parent excitement)	., laughter, hand fla to extreme emotion	p- 1s	13	86	Raw Score		
			eaming, crying, ye .) of others	lling, or having a ta	ın-	1	1 1	Reciproo Demonstrates li	al Communicati	
1	20.			rom others near hir ers as being preser		ت	₹1.	grunts, uses on uses behavior a	e word to mean s s a means to ver	
6	21.	conduct'	' or does not learn observing such be	s of social "codes of appropriate behav haviors (e.g., sayin king, sharing, etc.)	-	2	42.	nicate, etc.) Does not respor initiations		

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4	43.	Is unable to participate in conversational turn taking	1	64.	When engaged in activity, focuses solely on a single object or part(s) of object(s) even though a
2	44.	Says one thing, but means another			wide variety of objects are available for use (e.g., stares or plays with an object without pausing, etc.)
5	45.	Has difficulty producing information required in a specific situation	1	65.	Repeats an activity over and over (e.g., plays with
6	46.	Interprets comments literally			the same object(s) repeatedly, etc.)
1	47.	Demonstrates unusual tone of voice (e.g., monotone, high pitch, etc.)	6	66.	Engages only in activities which focus on personal topics of interest
1	48.	Uses unusual speech patterns that are overly precise and pedantic (i.e., talks like a "little professor") or speaks in a singsong manner	1	67.	Patterns of interest are unusual in level of intensity or focus (e.g., remains engaged in activity well beyond length of time that is typical for others his/her age, etc.)
1	49.	Does not ask questions when confused, but instead ignores others or changes the subject (e.g., won't say, "I don't know." etc.)	5	68.	Has difficulty with changes in routines (i.e., inflexible; does not accept change)
1	50.	Does not ask for things he/she wants	1	69.	Perseverates on words/sounds/sentences/phrases
1	51.	Uses personal pronouns inappropriately (e.g., refers to self as he, you, she, etc.)	1	70.	Repeats phrases/words directly after hearing them (i.e., direct echolalic speech)
1	52.	Inappropriately uses newly learned communication skills in novel and familiar communicative situations (e.g., overapplies greetings to everyone he/she sees, answers "fine" to all questions directed	1		Repeats familiar phrases/words from movies, television shows, or commercials after a period of time (i.e., delayed echolalic speech)
2	53.	to him/her, etc.) Has language and uses it to get needs met, yet is	2	72.	Becomes fixated on changes in routine for hours, days, or even weeks
3		unresponsive to the communicative needs of others Has language, but perseverates on one topic of	1	73.	Inappropriately overgen 3.3 ses a learned skill into a novel situation (e. 1., 6 peats familiar routines
7	55	interest the majority of time Has difficulty understanding or accepting others'			in unfamiliar situations such as urinating on the playground in tead of bathroom, asks everyone the sin a question ever when socially inappropri-
	55.	point of view		1	316,3(0.)
4	56.	Has difficulty identifying personal space preferences of others (e.g., climbs on people, stands too close to others, bumps into others, etc.)	KI	. g.	Becomes a gressive or has a tantrum when a desire task is removed or stopped
4	57.	Has difficulty communicating personal spare	1	2 3	Pa W Score
		preferences to others (e.g., unable to eff a tively communicate to others that the cale invading his/		75	Auditory Interpretation
7	E0	her personal space; may hit or it is n in an attempt to keep others from get in a too close, etc.)	3	75.	Is overly sensitive or overly reactive to environmental sounds (e.g., overreacts to vacuum cleaner, blender, bells, buzz of lights, crinkle of paper, etc.)
	56.	Uses others as "to s" for communitation (e.g., grabbing s me o e s hand to reach a particular item, etc.)	1	76.	Covers ears when hearing very distant or barely audible sounds (e.g., a fire truck from a mile away
1	59.	Able to repeat whole commercials or videos, but not able to use language to meet wants or needs	_		or a train whistle in the distance, etc.)
1	60.	Develops idiosyncratic meanings for words or	1	77.	Does not respond to loud noises very close to him/ her
_		phrases in which words or phrases have an associated affective meaning for him/her based on prior experience (e.g., child is hungry and someone says, "Let's go to Wendy's," resulting in child us-	1	78.	Inappropriately seeks auditory input (e.g., makes unique noises in order to meet sensory needs, etc.)
		ing that phrase every time he/she is hungry; family cat is on the roof and someone yells, "The cat is on the roof" with extreme emotion, resulting in the child using that phrase during times of extreme excitement; etc.)	3	79.	Uses objects in inappropriate ways in order to gain auditory input (e.g., bangs toys or dishes together, etc.)
1	61.	Has difficulty, or is unable to imitate others' verbaliza- tions when asked (e.g., verbal sounds, words, etc.)	1	80.	Hums or uses other vocal stimulations to tune out surrounding noises
50	2	Raw Score		0	Raw Score
F	Rest	ricted Range of Interest & Repetitive Behavior			Visual Interpretation
1	62.	Demonstrates repetitive patterns of behavior (e.g., twirls, rocks body, flaps hands, sways head, etc.)	4	81.	Is overly sensitive to visual stimulus (e.g., unable to look others in the eyes, etc.)
1	63.	Gets "stuck" in a behavior when asked to imitate others (i.e., begins a behavior and continues to exhibit that behavior without stopping)	1	82.	Is unable to visually focus on a particular activity when auditory distracters are present (e.g., can't look at a book when the radio is playing, etc.)

_				
6	83.	Needs to be reminded to look at objects or tasks		Olfactory & Gustatory Interpretation
6	84.	Stares off into space	1 104	Overly sensitive to different smells (e.g., perfume, etc.)
1	85.	Uses peripheral vision when looking at something or someone (i.e., looks at things out of the corner	105	Seeks out different smells
	96	of his/her eyes)	106	Inappropriately smells different objects/people as a means of exploring the environment
	00.	Is preoccupied by visual stimuli (e.g., lights, mirrors, shiny objects, spinning objects, letters, num-	1 107	Smells all food prior to eating it
2	07	bers, open/closed doors, etc.)	108	Does not respond to strong smells (e.g., bowel
6	07.	Is unable to focus on a particular activity when specific visual stimulus is present (e.g., becomes agitated when family pet is in the room, focuses on lights or different objects of interest rather than	109	movements, etc.) Craves particular food tastes (e.g., extremely sour or extremely spicy)
		verbalizations of others, etc.)	1 110.	Will only eat very bland foods
	88.	Moves body or objects in such a way as to provide visual stimulus (e.g., hand flapping, spinning toys/	_7_	Raw Score
	00	materials, etc.)	2 444	Kinesthetic Interpretation
		Demonstrates fear of certain visual stimuli (e.g., large rooms, small rooms, specific objects, etc.)	7 111.	Seeks out different movement activities (e.g., swinging, jumping on trampoline, sit-n-spin, rocking chair, etc.)
\square	90.	Focuses on details rather than whole objects	1 112.	Demonstrates self-stimulatory behaviors in order
1	91.	Visual preoccupation with straight lines (e.g., window blinds, framing at the bottom of walls/floors, etc.)		to gain sensory input (e.g., sélf-rocking of body, hand-flapping, spinning self, etc.)
1	92.	Unable to scan a variety of items to obtain a desired item (e.g., unable to find a shoe on the bedroom floor, unable to find a spoon within a table setting, etc.)		Is unable to accept/tolerate specific movement activities (e.g., refuses for feet to leave ground, to be inverted, to spin or swin vetc.)
2	5	Raw Score	7 114.	Bodily postures cad" or extreme with little or no variation (g., physically "stims" on hands or
		Tactile Interpretation		objects (c) is nead at unusual angle to view body part (c) bject, stares (ix dly at object, etc.)
2	93.	Is overly responsive to being lightly touched (e.g., overreacts to slight bumps with others, feels pain with normal clothing textures or touching, becomes uncomfortable and disrobes, etc.)	6 11	Demonstrates the first with fine motor skills (e.g., unable to haid a crayon, pencil, or cut with scissors, etc.)
7	94	Has difficulty tolerating different textures that are	6 116	
		normally found in clothing, fabrics, or joed	N.	Demonstrates difficulty with gross motor skills (e.g., difficulty throwing a ball, catching a ball, running, hopping, etc.)
[95.	Resists changing to season i clo.hing (e.g., has dir- ficulty changing from shirts to pants in wint to wants	1 118.	Walks with an unusual gait
		to continue wearing leavy jackets in a pring, etc.)	119.	Toe-walks the majority of the time
7	96.	Demonstrates Mappropriate to haviors in order to avoid exposure to var out texture experiences (e.g., toe walking on grass or other textured ground covering, avoids touching specific materi-	3 120	Seeks out unusual risk-taking activities to meet sensory needs (e.g., climbing to high places, walking across high beams, etc.)
		als, creates routines such as specific path through	22	Raw Score
	0.7	home to avoid specific textures, etc.)		Fear, Anxiety, & Nervousness
2	97.	Is unresponsive to pain (e.g., is hurt and doesn't seem to notice; does not respond to breaking a leg, falling down, etc.)	3 121	 Lacks awareness of safety concerns and shows no fear of hazardous situations (e.g., walks out into busy street, walks on balcony rail, etc.)
2		Reacts inappropriately to pain (e.g., laughing when injured, etc.)	1 122.	Exhibits persistent fear of harmless events or objects, even after repeated experience (e.g., fear of family cat, fear of hats, fear of doorbell at home, etc.)
	99.	Harms self in order to gain tactile input (i.e., deliberate self-injury or self-abusive behavior, such as hitting self, scratching self, etc.)	1 123.	Exhibits unusual fear of specific, unfamiliar environmental stimuli (e.g., unexpected sounds, unusual
	100.	Eats inedible materials (e.g., dirt, pebbles, paper)	7100	sounds, strange dogs, new clothing, etc.)
1	101.	Has a limited diet (e.g., will only eat certain foods or food textures, avoids certain food textures, etc.)		Exhibits unusual fear of noisy, crowded places Exhibits unusual fear of big, open spaces and
1	102.	Explores objects by mouthing or licking		buildings
1	103.	Craves deep pressure (e.g., deep hugs, seeks out weighted objects such as pillows or mattresses, etc.)	3 126	Becomes overly anxious or agitated when items are moved or disturbed, or when routines are changed
1	7	Raw Score	_10_	Raw Score

SCHOOL VERSION RATING FORM

Tamara J. Arthaud Kerri Duncan

PROFILE SHEET

Name of student: Andre	ew Thomas		Gender: 21		
School: Midd	vale			Subscales	
Class: _Set	ence		_ Grade: _ <i>4</i>	Reciprocal Socia	I Interacti
City: Midd	vale		State: P 4	Reciprocal Comr	nunicatio
Data of ratings	9006	11	29	Restricted Range	of Interes
Date of rating:	(year)	(month)		Interpretation of	Sensory
Date of birth:	1994	2	18	Auditory	
	(year)	(month)	(day)	Visual	
Age at rating:	12	9	11	Tactile	
	(years)	(months)	(days)	Olfactory & Gu	statory
Rated by (obse	rver's name):	M. Jackson		Kinesthetic	
Dates during w	hich observati	on of student o	occurred:	Fear, Anxiety, &	Nervous
From <i>9</i> -					
Amount of time				Sum of Subscale SS	Quot (Appen
Per day	50 min.	Per week	250 min.	01	0

	SUI	MMARY OF S	CORES			
Subscales		Raw Score	Stand Sco (Appen	re	Standard Score SEM (Appendix C)	
Reciprocal Socia	I Interaction & PI	136	6	5	1.01	
Reciprocal Com	nunication	50	8	•	1.37	
Restricted Range	of Interest & Rep	26	9	•	1.50	
Interpretation of	Sensory Experie	ences:				
Auditory		10	10	0	2.01	
Visual			26	9	,	1.73
Tactile			14	11		1.42
Olfactory & Gu	statory		7	13	2	1.60
Kinesthetic			22	9	•	1.73
Fear, Anxiety, 8	& Nervousness		10	10	0	1.68
		RE				
Sum of Subscale SS	Quotient (Appendix B)	Percentile (Appendix B)	Quot SE (Appen	M		onfidence Interval
84	93	33	2.7	73		99%

				SUB	SCALE	S							
	Beelessel		Restricted		Inte	rpretatio	n of Sensory						
Standard Scores	Reciprocal Social Interaction & Play	Reciprocal Communication	Range of Interest & Repetitive Behavior	Auditory	Visual	Tactile	Olfactory & Gustatory	Kinesthetic	Fear, Anxiety, & Nervousness	Quotients	Quotient	Percentiles	Percentile Rank
20			•						•	150		≥99	
19			•						•	145		95	
18			•					•	•	140		90	
17			•					•	•	135		85	
16		•	•					•	•	130		80	
15		•	•						•	125		75	
14		•	•					•	•	120		70	
13		•	•					•	•	115		65	
12		•	•				-8	•	•	110		60	
11		•	•				 		•	105		55	
10	-	-	-	*	し・ノ	-	-	\ +		100	-	50	-
9		•	E		*			1	•	95	ا نہ ا	45	
8		1	•		٠ ا	٠ ا		•	•	90	*	40	•
7	· · /		•	•				•	•	85	•	35	ż
6	1	•	•	•				•	•	80	•	30	٠,
5	•	•	•	•		•		•	•	75	•	25	•
4	•	•	•					•	•	70	•	20	
3	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	65	•	15	•
2	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	60	•	10	
1	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	55	•	5	•
										50	•	≤1	•

Important: Before using this scale, read the section titled Rating Guidelines on page one.

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(800) 542-1673

HOME VERSION RATING FORM

Tamara J. Arthaud Kerri Duncan

COVER SHEET

RATING GUIDELINES

- The child or youth should be rated by a parent, guardian, houseparent, etc., with primary observational opportunities. This person would usually be someone who lives with the child or youth in his/her home or residential setting.
- If the rater does not have first-hand knowledge and is unsure how to rate an item, it is appropriate for the rater to consult with another person to get information about the child's or youth's behavior in order to complete a rating of the child's or youth's typical behavior.
- The rater should rely on his/her observation of the child's or youth's behavior as it occurs naturally in the home/residential environment.
- It is not necessary to complete the rating of the child or youth in one day. Several days may elapse before the rater is able to complete the scale.
- It is recommended that the rater read each quantifier with the item before rating the item. Using item 12 as an example, the rater would first read "Have not personally observed or is developmentally inappropriate for age to be unable to take turns," then "Less than once a month is unable to take turns," then "Approximately once a month is unable to take turns," then "Approximately once a week is unable to take turns," then "More than once a week is unable to take turns," then "Daily at various times is unable to take turns," and finally, "Continuously throughout the day is unable to take turns.
- If the rater has not personally observed the child or youth demonstrate the behavior OR if the behavior/ skill is developmentally inappropriate for the child's or youth's age group (e.g., a five-year-old maintaining a topic of conversation), the rating should be

1

NOT PERSONALLY OBSERVED OR IS DEVELOPMENTALLY INAPPROPRIATE FOR AGE.

 If the rater has observed the child or youth for more than one month and has observed the child or youth demonstrate the behavior one time, the rating should be

2

LESS THAN ONCE A MONTH.

 If the behavior has been demonstrated several times over more than one month with a frequency average of once a month, the rating should be

3

APPROXIMATELY ONCE A MONTH.

 If the behavior has been demonstrated more than once a month, even several times per month, up to an average of one time a week which means no more than four times per month; the rating should be

4

APPROXIMATELY ONCE A WEEK.

 If the behavior has been demonstrated more than one time per week, even several times per week, up to one time per day; the rating should be

5

MORE THAN ONCE A WEEK.

If the behavior has been demonstrated more than one time a day, up to one time per hour; the rating should be

DAILY AT VARIOUS TIMES.

 If the behavior has been demonstrated more than once an hour and included behavior with unlimited frequency which may even defy accurate counting at extremely high rates, the rating should be

7

CONTINUOUSLY THROUGHOUT THE DAY.

IMPORTANT *** PLEASE NOTE: *** IMPORTANT

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TO RATER: Rate every item using the quantifiers (1-7) provided. Every item must be rated. Do not leave any boxes blank.

		SONALLY ED OR IS								_
	APPR	MENTALLY OPRIATE RAGE	LESS THAN ONCE A MONTH	APPROXIMATELY ONCE A MONTH	APPROXIMA ONCE A WEEK	4		MORE THAN ONCE A WEEK	DAILY AT VARIOUS TIMES	CONTINUOUSLY THROUGHOUT THE DAY
		1	2	3	4			5	6	7
	L	<u> </u>			ت			۳	U	ك
		Reciproc	al Social Intera	ction & Play		1	22.	Is unable to und	erstand others' v	iew points
1	1.	Avoids look	ing directly into	others' eyes or ca	nnot	3	23.	Does not realize	how his/her action	ons affect others
	•	-		riate amount of tin	ne	7	24.	Does not comm	unicate for the pu	irpose of sharing
	۷.	faces/eyes	essive about 100	king into others'		2	25.	. ,	0 / 2	esponses to guide
1	3.	Stares "thro	ough" other peop	ple				behavior (i.e., so	ocial referencing)	
2	4.			social initiations (i.		2		Does not initiate		
2	5.		•	name spoken by	,	2	21.	to play	s playing, but doe	es not join others
		others				3	28.	Does not know I	now to pretend wo	hen playing (e.g., someone he/she is
2	6.	jects, but ra	rely plays or inte	the same or simila eracts with others				not, etc.)	. 10	
3	7	parallel play	•	esented to him/her	by	3	29.	always is the "cl	haser" lather tha	rsals in play (e.g., n being chased,
		others	ocpt un nem pre	Seried to minime	y	1	30	Does not initate	e "nionster," etc.)	
3	8.	Does not she expressions	now change in ender in ender in a	motion through fac appropriate facial e	ial x-		1	gest uling, wavir	ig (a.)	oigi, oiappilig,
		pressions in	n varying situation	ons, etc.)	T			Spins toys) > '	la
3		•	imated in facial	•	ler,	2	- 4	Lines lovs up in	•	th toys/materials
3	10.	reason	u raciai expressi	ons for no appare		[[3]		Demonstrates p		
1	11.	Prefers inar people	nimate objects o	ver 11tt raction with	1910	ك_		parts of objects	(e.g., wheels on a string of a toy, e	a car, hose of a
1	12.	Is unable to	take tarns (e.g.,	, unable to w. it ior	a	1	35.			red to those typi-
	42		n act iv ty or task	1111		_		lids, paper, etc.)	n by other childre	ii (e.g., striligs,
				ciprocate with oth rance when chang		2	36.	Develops attach cups, cards, etc	ment to nonesse .) and carries tha	ntial objects (e.g., t object with him/
	17.		vironment or typ		c3		27	her at all times		if the manage
		Prefers to p	•				37.	Closes eyes who speaking is not		if the person
	16.	Demonstrat conversatio		ntaining topic of		2	38.	Does not respor by social praise		e, is not motivated
1	17.	Remains fix conversation	ated on persona on with others	al topics of interest	in	3	39.	Becomes physic doesn't get his/h	cally aggressive v	when he/she
3	18.		interpret nonv emotional state	erbal facial cues on e of others)	of	2	40.	Tends to be a pe "just so" or in a	erfectionist (i.e., v certain place at a	
3	19.			, laughter, hand fla to extreme emotion		7:	5	Raw Score		
			ning, crying, yel	ling, or having a ta				•	al Communicati	
3	20.	Appears "al	oof" or distant fr	om others near hir ers as being preser			41.	uses behavior a	e word to mean s s a means to ver	everal things, of ally communicate
2	21.			of social "codes of appropriate behave		_		nicate, etc.)	t point or use ge	stures to commu-
		ior from obs	servina such bel	haviors (e.g., sayin king, sharing, etc.)	g,	1	42.	Does not respor initiations	nd to others' com	munication

2	43.	Is unable to participate in conversational turn taking	3	64.	When engaged in activity, focuses solely on a
3	44.	Says one thing, but means another			single object or part(s) of object(s) even though a wide variety of objects are available for use (e.g.,
2	45.	Has difficulty producing information required in a specific situation	2	65.	stares or plays with an object without pausing, etc.) Repeats an activity over and over (e.g., plays with
2	46.	Interprets comments literally	\equiv		the same object(s) repeatedly, etc.)
2	47.	Demonstrates unusual tone of voice (e.g., monotone, high pitch, etc.)	2	66.	Engages only in activities which focus on personal topics of interest
2	48.	Uses unusual speech patterns that are overly precise and pedantic (i.e., talks like a "little professor") or speaks in a singsong manner	3	67.	Patterns of interest are unusual in level of intensity or focus (e.g., remains engaged in activity well be- yond length of time that is typical for others his/her age, etc.)
2	49.	Does not ask questions when confused, but instead ignores others or changes the subject (e.g., won't say, "I don't know." etc.)	3	68.	Has difficulty with changes in routines (i.e., inflexible; does not accept change)
1	50.	Does not ask for things he/she wants	2	69.	Perseverates on words/sounds/sentences/phrases
1	51.	Uses personal pronouns inappropriately (e.g., refers to self as he, you, she, etc.)	2	70.	Repeats phrases/words directly after hearing them (i.e., direct echolalic speech)
1	52.	Inappropriately uses newly learned communication skills in novel and familiar communicative situations (e.g., overapplies greetings to everyone he/she sees, answers "fine" to all questions directed	1		Repeats familiar phrases/words from movies, television shows, or commercials after a period of time (i.e., delayed echolalic speech)
2		to him/her, etc.)	1	72.	Becomes fixated on changes in routine for hours, days, or even weeks
		Has language and uses it to get needs met, yet is unresponsive to the communicative needs of others	3	73.	Inappropriately overgen in luzes a learned skill into a novel situation (a. L. Jepeats familiar routines
2	54.	Has language, but perseverates on one topic of interest the majority of time			in unfamiliar cituations such as urinating on the playground instead of bathroom, asks everyone
2	55.	Has difficulty understanding or accepting others' point of view		1	the stime question even when socially inappropri- te etc.)
1	56.	Has difficulty identifying personal space preferences of others (e.g., climbs on people, stands too close to others, bumps into others, etc.)	2	04. 9_\	Becomes aggressive or has a tantrum when a desire o task is removed or stopped
1	57.	Has difficulty communicating personal spa 'e pref-	R	70	
		erences to others (e.g., unable to erectively com- municate to others that they are in a ding his/her personal space; may hit or bush in an attempt (e.g., unable to erectively com- municate to others that they are in a ding his/her personal space; may hit or bush in an attempt (e.g., unable to erectively com- municate to others that they are in a ding his/her personal space; may hit or bush in an attempt (e.g., unable to erectively com- municate to others that they are in a ding his/her personal space; may hit or bush in an attempt (e.g., unable to erectively com- keep others from gettin, in a close, etc.)	1	75.	Auditory Interpretation Is overly sensitive or overly reactive to environmental sounds (e.g., overreacts to vacuum cleaner, blender, bells, buzz of lights, crinkle of paper, etc.)
2	58.	Uses others as "to o s" for communication (e.g., grabbing so me one's hand to le co a particular item, etc.)	1	76.	Covers ears when hearing very distant or barely audible sounds (e.g., a fire truck from a mile away
3	59.	Able to repeat whole commercials or videos, but not able to use language to meet wants or needs		77	or a train whistle in the distance, etc.) Does not respond to loud noises very close to
1	60.	Develops idiosyncratic meanings for words or	2		him/her
		phrases in which words or phrases have an asso- ciated affective meaning for him/her based on prior experience (e.g., child is hungry and someone says, "Let's go to Wendy's," resulting in child us-	2	78.	Inappropriately seeks auditory input (e.g., makes unique noises in order to meet sensory needs, etc.)
		ing that phrase every time he/she is hungry; family cat is on the roof and someone yells, "The cat is on the roof" with extreme emotion, resulting in the child using that phrase during times of extreme excitement; etc.)	3	79.	Uses objects in inappropriate ways in order to gain auditory input (e.g., bangs toys or dishes together, etc.)
1	61.	Has difficulty, or is unable to imitate others' verbalizations when asked (e.g., verbal sounds, words, etc.)	3	80.	Hums or uses other vocal stimulations to tune out surrounding noises
3.	5_	Raw Score	_1	2	Raw Score
F	Rest	ricted Range of Interest & Repetitive Behavior			Visual Interpretation
2		Demonstrates repetitive patterns of behavior (e.g.,	2	81.	Is overly sensitive to visual stimulus (e.g., unable
\equiv		twirls, rocks body, flaps hands, sways head, etc.)	ك		to look others in the eyes, etc.)
3	63.	Gets "stuck" in a behavior when asked to imitate others (i.e., begins a behavior and continues to exhibit that behavior without stopping)	2	82.	Is unable to visually focus on a particular activity when auditory distracters are present (e.g., can't look at a book when the radio is playing, etc.)

2	83.	Needs to be reminded to look at objects or tasks			Olfactory & Gustatory Interpretation
2	84.	Stares off into space	2	104.	Overly sensitive to different smells (e.g., perfume, etc.)
1	85.	Uses peripheral vision when looking at something or someone (i.e., looks at things out of the corner			Seeks out different smells
	96	of his/her eyes)	3	106.	Inappropriately smells different objects/people as a means of exploring the environment
	00.	Is preoccupied by visual stimuli (e.g., lights, mirrors, shiny objects, spinning objects, letters, num-	1	107.	Smells all food prior to eating it
1	87.	bers, open/closed doors, etc.) Is unable to focus on a particular activity when	1	108.	Does not respond to strong smells (e.g., bowel movements, etc.)
		specific visual stimulus is present (e.g., becomes agitated when family pet is in the room, focuses on lights or different objects of interest rather than verbalizations of others, etc.)	\equiv		Craves particular food tastes (e.g., extremely sour or extremely spicy)
1	22	Moves body or objects in such a way as to provide	-		Will only eat very bland foods
	00.	visual stimulus (e.g., hand flapping, spinning toys/		7_	Raw Score
	00	materials, etc.)	٦	444	Kinesthetic Interpretation
		Demonstrates fear of certain visual stimuli (e.g., large rooms, small rooms, specific objects, etc.)	2	111.	Seeks out different movement activities (e.g., swinging, jumping on trampoline, sit-n-spin, rocking chair, etc.)
2	90.	Focuses on details rather than whole objects	3	112.	Demonstrates self-stimulatory behaviors in order
2	91.	Visual preoccupation with straight lines (e.g., window blinds, framing at the bottom of walls/floors, etc.)			to gain sensory input (e.g., self-rocking of body, hand-flapping, spinning self, etc.)
2	92.	Unable to scan a variety of items to obtain a desired item (e.g., unable to find a shoe on the bedroom floor, unable to find a spoon within a table	$\overline{}$		Is unable to accept/tolerate specific movement activities (e.g., refuses for feet to leave ground, to be inverted, to spin or size, etc.)
19	9	setting, etc.)	2	114.	Bodily postures an odd" or extreme with little or no variation (e.g., physically "stims" on hands or
		Raw Score Tactile Interpretation	_	1	objects to as head at unusual angle to view body part o object, stares it edly at object, etc.)
2	93.	Is overly responsive to being lightly touched (e.g., overreacts to slight bumps with others, feels pain with normal clothing textures or touching, becomes	Z	115	Demonstrates of iculty with fine motor skills (e.g., unable to 1 old a crayon, pencil, or cut with sciscors (tc.)
	0.4	uncomfortable and disrobes, etc.)		4 10	Refuses to participate in paper/pencil activities
		Has difficulty tolerating different textures that are normally found in clothing, fab ic prood		₹17.	Demonstrates difficulty with gross motor skills (e.g., difficulty throwing a ball, catching a ball, running, hopping, etc.)
[95.	Resists changing to season I cloming (e.g., has one ficulty changing from shorts to pants in vin any wants	1	118.	Walks with an unusual gait
		to continue wearing leavy jackets in spring, etc.)			Toe-walks the majority of the time
1	96.	Demonstrate inappropriate by aviors in order to avoid exposure to various texture experiences (e.g., toe walking on gruss or other textured	3	120.	Seeks out unusual risk-taking activities to meet sensory needs (e.g., climbing to high places, walking across high beams, etc.)
		ground covering, avoids touching specific materials, creates routines such as specific path through	2	3	Raw Score
		home to avoid specific textures, etc.)			Fear, Anxiety, & Nervousness
1	97.	Is unresponsive to pain (e.g., is hurt and doesn't seem to notice; does not respond to breaking a leg, falling down, etc.)	3	121.	Lacks awareness of safety concerns and shows no fear of hazardous situations (e.g., walks out into
1	98.	Reacts inappropriately to pain (e.g., laughing when injured, etc.)	2	122.	Exhibits persistent fear of harmless events or ob-
1	99.	Harms self in order to gain tactile input (i.e., deliberate self-injury or self-abusive behavior, such as	1	123	jects, even after repeated experience (e.g., fear of family cat, fear of hats, fear of doorbell at home, etc.) Exhibits unusual fear of specific, unfamiliar environ-
7	100	hitting self, scratching self, etc.) Eats inedible materials (e.g., dirt, pebbles, paper)	ت	120.	mental stimuli (e.g., unexpected sounds, unusual sounds, strange dogs, new clothing, etc.)
=			1	124.	Exhibits unusual fear of noisy, crowded places
		Has a limited diet (e.g., will only eat certain foods or food textures, avoids certain food textures, etc.)			Exhibits unusual fear of big, open spaces and buildings
=		Explores objects by mouthing or licking	1	126.	Becomes overly anxious or agitated when items
ات م	_	Craves deep pressure (e.g., deep hugs, seeks out weighted objects such as pillows or mattresses, etc.)		_	are moved or disturbed, or when routines are changed
	3	Raw Score		7	Raw Score
•	!!.	4 0 0000 He all con Ed and and On the day			Page 4

HOME VERSION RATING FORM

Tamara J. Arthaud Kerri Duncan

PROFILE SHEET

Name: Andrew Thomas Gender: 711 School: Midvale Elementary Grade: _3_ City: Midvale State: PA Date of rating: (month) (day) (year) 1998 Date of birth: (month) (day) (year) Age at rating: (years) (months) (days) M. Jackson Rated by:

	SUN	MMARY OF S	CORES			
Subscales			Raw Score	Stand Sco (Append	re	Standard Score SEM (Appendix C)
Reciprocal Socia	I Interaction & Plant	75	10	9	1.34	
Reciprocal Comr	nunication	35	10)	1.55	
Restricted Range	of Interest & Rep	etitive Behavior	29	8	•	2.04
Interpretation of	Sensory Experie	ences:				
Auditory			12	8	•	2.84
Visual			19	10	0	2.14
Tactile			13	12	2	2.55
Olfactory & Gu	statory		11	10)	2.76
Kinesthetic			23	7	•	2.79
Fear, Anxiety, 8	& Nervousness		9	10	0	2.66
		TOTAL SCOR	RE			
Sum of Subscale SS	Quotient (Appendix B)	Percentile (Appendix B)	Quot SE (Appen	M		onfidence Interval
85	91	28	4.0	15		99 %

				SUB	SCALE	S						l	
	<u> </u>		Restricted		Inte	rpretatio	n of Sensory						
Standard Scores	Reciprocal Social Interaction & Play	Reciprocal Communication	Range of Interest & Repetitive Behavior	Auditory	Visual	Tactile	Olfactory & Gustatory	Kinesthetic	Fear, Anxiety, & Nervousness	Quotients	Quotient	Percentiles	Percentile Rank
20			•	•				•	•	150	•	≥99	
19			•	•				•	•	145		95	
18			•	•				•	•	140		90	
17			•	•				•	•	135		85	
16			•	•				•	•	130		80	
15		•	•	•				•	•	125		75	
14		•	•	•				•	•	120		70	
13		•	•	•				•	•	115		65	
12		•	•	•		*		•	•	110		60	
11		•	•	•	ر · ا	$\vee \cdot \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ $	· ·	•	•	105		55	•
10	*	*	-	-	*	-	*	-	<i>*</i>	100	-	50	-
9		\cdot		· /	.		·		/ ·	95	•	45	
8		•	*					$\setminus \cdot \nearrow$		90	*	40	
7			•	•			•	*		85	•	35	
6	•	•	•	•		•	•	•	•	80	•	30	ż
5	•	•	•	•		•	•	•	•	75	•	25	7
4	•	•	•			•				70	•	20	
3	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	65	•	15	•
2	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	60	•	10	•
1	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	55	•	5	•
										50	•	≤1	

Important: Before using this scale, read the section titled Rating Guidelines on page one.

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Relationship to child: _mother

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