ADAPTIVE BEHAVIOR INTERVENTION MANUAL: 13-18 Years

Goals, Objectives, and Intervention Strategies for Adaptive Behavior

Stephen B. McCarney Becky Ray McCain Angela Marie Bauer

Edited by Samm N. House

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Educational Services, Inc. 800 Gray Oak Drive Columbia, MO 65201 Telephone: (573) 874-1710 FAX: (800) 442-9509

www.hes-inc.com

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	Νι	ımber		
	1.	Comprehends typical verbal communications		
	2.	Provides relevant verbal responses to conversations, questions, etc		
	3.	Adequately expresses opinions, feelings, emotions, needs, choices, etc., with spoken word,		
	4.	sign language, graphic symbols, etc		
	_	touches, and gestures		
	5.	Communicates name, address, and phone number		
	6.	Uses verbal skills to maintain positive relationships with others		
	7.	Has an adequate expressive vocabulary		
	8.	Comprehends written communication		
1	9.	Expresses complete sentences or complete thoughts in legible handwriting		
	10.	Comprehends graphic symbols, sign language, etc		
	11.	Comprehends the meaning of various facial expressions, body movements, touches,		
1	12.	and gestures		
	12.	Takes care of toileting needs		
	13. 14.	Ties or fastens shoes		
	15.	Fastens articles of clothing		
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	17.	Demonstrates appropriate mealtime behavior		
	18.	Chooses clothes appropriate for the weather and occasion		
	19.	Demonstrates appropriate grooming habits		
2	20.	Turns on faucet, flushes toilet, operates light switch, etc		
2	21.	Takes care of personal property		
2	22.	Demonstrates appropriate behavior for the immediate environment		
2	23.	Is ready for an activity at the specified time		
2	24.	Demonstrates appropriate social interaction skills		
2	25.	Completes simple housekeeping tasks		
	26.	Uses a broom, mop, vacuum, etc., to keep an area clean		
	27.	Completes simple maintenance activities or calls attention to maintenance needs		
	28.	Prepares a simple meal		
	29.	Plans and budgets for shopping		
	30.	Uses potentially hazardous materials in a safe manner		
	31.	Plans a daily routine		
3	32.	Accesses assistance for such areas as communication from the IRS, billings from utilities,		
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Adaptive Behavior Intervention Manual: 13-18 Years

This manual of adaptive behavior interventions is based on the most common adaptive behavior problems identified by educators (McCarney, *Adaptive Behavior Evaluation Scale-Revised*, 1995). For the purpose of organization, the manual has two main sections: Goals, Objectives, and Interventions and the Appendix. Goals, objectives, and a compilation of interventions are provided for each of the 55 adaptive behavior problems identified. The Appendix includes samples of materials referred to throughout the manual.

The goals and objectives serve as samples which may be used in writing IEPs for identified disabled children and youth. Criteria for measuring the success of the child's or youth's attainment of the goals and objectives must be determined by those professional educators and parents who are aware of the child's or youth's current abilities and program recommendations.

The interventions listed under each adaptive behavior problem should serve as a guide for program development or change for any child or youth in need of behavior improvement. Interventions may be chosen by a team of professionals, a special educator in a self-contained class or functioning in a resource or consultant capacity, or by a regular education teacher. Professional judgment should dictate the choice of interventions for any particular child or youth. The child's or youth's disability, age, gender, grade level, and local community standards are all to be considered in selecting appropriate intervention procedures. Vision, hearing, general health, nutrition, and family case history should also be considered in order not to overlook any historical or contemporary determinants of behavior. The interventions have been found appropriate for

special education as well as regular education classroom environments.

The expectation is that the appropriate interventions will be selected, agreed upon, and consistently used by all instructional personnel working with the child or youth. Use of the same interventions and consistent application of these interventions by all educators in all settings greatly facilitates the likelihood of success for children and youth in the educational environment. These interventions lend themselves particularly well to creating continuity across all educational settings in which the child or youth functions.

In order to respond to the broad spectrum of implications related to adaptive behavior problems, the interventions contained in this manual are designed to represent strategies which are both preventive and reactive. Some interventions in this manual apply to most children and youth and should be considered first in order to provide a more general approach to problem reduction. Other interventions are more specific and should be individually selected for children and youth based on the appropriateness of the intervention for the situation.

For any adaptive behavior problem exhibited by children and youth, it will be of value to assess the extent to which institutional variables influence the behavior and possibly contribute to the problem. As a first step in improving a situation, these institutional variables should be evaluated and acted upon to reduce the influence of variables which result in unsuccessful or inappropriate behavior.

My thanks go to the many persons who suggested ideas for interventions used in the manual.

S.B.M.

Using the Adaptive Behavior Intervention Manual: 13-18 Years in Conjunction with the Adaptive Behavior Evaluation Scale: 13-18 Years

*NOTE: If the *Adaptive Behavior Intervention Manual: 13-18 Years* is not being used in conjunction with the *Adaptive Behavior Evaluation Scale: 13-18 Years*, the following procedural steps need not be followed.

- Step 1: The child or youth is rated with the school version of the *Adaptive Behavior Evaluation Scale:* 13-18 Years.
- Step 2: Conversions of raw scores on the *Adaptive Behavior Evaluation Scale: 13-18 Years* are made. Subscale standard scores, domain quotient and percentile scores, and the adaptive skills quotient and percentile are determined; and the *Adaptive Behavior Evaluation Scale: 13-18 Years Profile Sheet* is completed.
- Step 3: Determine on which of ten characteristics (subscales) the child or youth scores one or more standard deviations below the mean (subscale score below 7).
- Step 4: For each of the characteristics (subscales) on which the child or youth scored one standard deviation or more below the mean, determine which adaptive behaviors constitute primary concern in the educational environment (the behaviors with the lowest ratings).
- Step 5: Find goals and objectives from the *Adaptive Behavior Intervention Manual: 13-18 Years* which represent each adaptive behavior indicated as a primary concern on the *Adaptive Behavior Evaluation Scale: 13-18 Years*.
- Step 6: Determine those interventions from the *Adaptive Behavior Intervention Manual: 13-18 Years* which are most appropriate in facilitating the child's or youth's success in meeting the goals and objectives chosen in Step 5.
- Step 7: If there are any adaptive behaviors which are of concern on subscales other than those with scores more than one standard deviation below the mean; goals, objectives, and interventions should be selected and written for those adaptive behaviors as well.
- Step 8: Share those goals, objectives, and intervention strategies selected for the child or youth with all personnel involved in the child's or youth's educational program.

III. Goals, Objectives, and Interventions

1 Comprehends typical verbal communications

Goal: 1. The student will comprehend typical verbal communications.	munications				
1. The student will comprehend typical versus com	namentons.				
Objectives: 1. The student will follow verbal directions in correct sequential order on out of trials. 2. The student will comprehend out of verbal communications. 3. The student will demonstrate the ability to comprehend verbal communication by listening carefully and summarizing the information with % accuracy. 4. The student will follow verbal directions with teacher assistance on out of trials. 5. The student will independently follow verbal directions on out of trials. 6. The student will follow one-step verbal directions on out of trials. 7. The student will demonstrate the ability to comprehend a conversation by listening carefully and responding appropriately on out of trials. 8. The student will demonstrate the ability to comprehend a question stated verbally by listening carefully and making an appropriate response on out of trials. 9. The student will repeat what is said with % accuracy.					
Interventions:					
1. Provide the student with a written copy of verbal communications (e.g., directions, questions, announcements, etc.).	8. Use multiple modalities (e.g., auditory, visual, tactile, etc.) when presenting verbal communications to the student.				
2. When the student is required to recall information, remind him/her of the situation in which the material was originally presented (e.g., "Remember yesterday when we talked about").	9. Work through steps of the verbal directions as they are delivered to make certain the student follows the directions accurately.				
3. Allow the student to speak without being	10. Maintain a consistent format of verbal communications with the student.				
interrupted or hurried.	11. Have the student question any verbal communications he/she does not understand.				
4. Follow a less desirable task with a highly desirable task. Make following of verbal directions and completion of the first task necessary to complete the second task.	12. Reinforce the student for attending to verbal communications based on the length of time the student can be successful. As the student demonstrates success, gradually increase the length of				
5. Communicate clearly to the student when it is time to listen to verbal communications.	time required for reinforcement.				
6. Use pictures, diagrams, and gestures when	13. Teach the student context cues to determine the meaning of words he/she hears.				
delivering information verbally.	14. State directions, questions, comments, etc., to the student individually.				
7. Communicate in a variety of ways to facili-					

tate the student's understanding (e.g., if the student

fails to understand verbal directions, present them

in written form).

15. Tape record information for the student to

replay and repeat as necessary.